#### PRACTICE UNIT 11: KEEP FIT, STAY HEALTHY

#### A. CHECK- UP

Ex: chicken	vegetable	buffalo	cow
1. weight	height	width	heavy
2. nurse	scales	doctor	student
3. measure	weigh	temperature	take
4. started	stopped	protected	needed
5. painful	tall	record	difficult
6. took	gave	kept	called

#### II. Dùng các từ cho sẵn trong khung để hoàn tất các câu phía dưới.

	check-up	records	normal	temperature	waiting room	scales	height
		is an i	nstrument f	or weighing peo	ple or things.		
Yo	our		is 3	37°c.			
Th	ey filled in t	their medic	al	·			
		is a ro	om outside	a doctor's surge	ry where people	wait to se	e the doctor
Th	e students o	f Quang Tr	ung School	l are having a me	edical	·	
Mi	inh is about	the same _		as his mot	ther now.		
It'	S	to	feel nervou	is before an exar	n.		

### III. Sắp xếp các động từ sau vào các nhóm theo cách phát âm -ed.

called, filled, measured, visited, started, weighed, asked, stopped, brushed, ironed, needed, looked, watched, hoped, collected

/Id/	
/t/ _	
/4/	

## IV. Viết câu yêu cầu theo các từ gợi ý.

Ex: open your mouth Would you open your mouth, please?
get on the scales
show me the waiting room
pay me in cash
pass me the newspaper
put this picture on the wall
take me a photograph

# V. Đặt câu hỏi với "How" và viết câu trả lời theo các từ gợi ý.

<u>Ex:</u> old/ you?// ten <u>How old are you?</u> - <u>I am ten years old.</u>

tall/ he'?// one meter 50 centimeters	
heavy/ Hoa?// 40 kilos	
high/ these buildings?// over 150 meters	
long/ your dress?// 140 centimeters	
deep/ the lake?// about 5 meters	
wide/ the table?// 80 centimeters	
much/ the shoes?// eighty thousand dong	
big/ your house?// about 160 square meters	
What is the height of the mountain? - It's over 2.000 meters.  your age/ ten	
her family name/ Nguyen	
his weight/ 45 kilos	
your brother's height/ one meter seventy centimeters	
your brother's height/ one meter seventy centimeters the length of the river/ about 300 miles	
·	
the length of the river/ about 300 miles	
the length of the river/ about 300 miles the height of that wall/ four meters	

#### VII. Đặt câu hỏi cho các câu sau.

Ex: She is thirteen years old. How *old is she?* 

1. My brother is one meter 70 centimeters tall.

	How					
2.		is over 100 meters high.				
	What					
3.		5 meters in depth.				
4.	. Peter is 45 ki					
5		as is 120 thousand dong				
٥.		ss is 120 thousand dong.				
6.		five kilometers long.				
7.		vo kilometers from here to the bus stop.				
	How					
8.	. These packet  How	ts are 2 kilos.				
VIII.	Đọc đoạn vă	n, sau đó trả lời các câu hỏi.				
Y	esterday, Hoa	a had a medical check-up. First she filled in the medical record and waited in the				
waitii	ng room. Afte	er a few minutes, the nurse called Hoa's name and took Hoa to the doctor's office.				
		Hoa a few questions. Then she weighed Hoa and measured her height. After that				
		perature. Next, she listened to Hoa's heart. Then she checked Hoa's eyes and ears.				
Every	_	rmal. Finally, Hoa left the office. She felt very happy. en did Hoa have a medical check-up?				
	VV IIC	sii did 110a nave a medicai check-up:				
	Wha	at did she do first?				
	Who	o examined Hoa?				
	Wha	at did the doctor do before she weighed and measured Hoa?				
	Was	s anything wrong with Hoa's health?				
	How	v did Hoa feel when she left the office?				
V	VHAT WAS	WRONG WITH YOU?				
I. Sắ <sub>l</sub>	p xếp các chũ	r cái thành từ đúng.				
E	x: seadise	disease				
1.	oldc	4. ulf				
2.	. cheheada	5. tosmachecha				
3.	3. achethtoo 6. tomsymp					

I.

catch	cure	cough	sneeze	disappear	prevent	relieve	write
	My n	nother		a sick n	ote for me	yesterday.	
	Nam	usually		and		when	n he has a col
	He _		flu	last week.			
	The 1	medicines	just help _		the pa	in.	
	Nobo	ody knows	how		_ a cold.		
	The c	cold will la	st for a fev	v days and th	en		
	What	t can we do	)	the	spread of	the disease	?
Viết câu	ı cho lờ	i khuyên,	dùng " <i>sho</i>	ould + verb".			
Ex: I hav	e a stor	nachache,	(go to the	doctor)			
You.	should g	go to the do	octor.				
I feel ve	ry tired.	(take a sho	ort rest)				
Hoa has	a bad co	old. (stay i	n bed)				
——Minh's r	room is	very dirty.	(clean it e	very day)			
We'll ha	ve an E	nglish test	tomorrow.	(learn your	lessons care	efully)	
Nga has	a heada	che. (take	an aspirin)				
My teeth	aren't	strong and	white. (bru	ush them regi	ularly)		
			,				
	-	inh và ngh					
		the meetin	-				
		her at the n		Ü			
		her at the t		st night!			
ner mot	ner wrot	te a sick no	ne for her.				
Nam wa	s absent	from scho	ol yesterda	ay.			

Many students caught flu last month.

<del></del> -	
_	They were happy with their life.
_	He suggested going out for dinner.
_	I was busy last Sunday.
_	We enjoyed our summer vacation.
	ìu trả lời đầy đủ cho các câu hỏi sau.
<u>Ex:</u> Di	id Minh go to the dentist? (Yes)/ (No)
<u>Ye</u> ,	s. He went to the dentist./ No. He didn't go to the dentist.
Did N	ga's father start his new job yesterday? (Yes)
Did Ho	oa's mother write Hoa's sick note? (No)
Did the	e medicines relieve the symptoms of the cold? (Yes)
Did yo	ou take cough syrup? (No)
Did yo	ou have a bad cold? (Yes)
Did the	ey catch flu? (No)
	vào chỗ trống với các từ để hỏi thích hợp. <u>What</u> is her name? - Her name's Hoa.

high are these trees? - About 15 meters.
was wrong with you? - I had a toothache.
is her weight? - 45 kilos.
were you yesterday? - I was at home.
school does he go to? - He goes to Hung Vuong school.
do they cost? - They cost twenty dollars.
did Minh have a cold? - Because he walked in the rain.
wrote a sick note for Nga? - Her mother.
VII. Đọc kỹ đoạn văn sau đó viết TRUE hoặc FALSE.
The 'common cold' is caused by viruses that infect the nose, throat and sinuses. It's most common during the
cold winter months and affects children and adults of all ages. Most people will catch a cold two to four times a
year. A cold often starts with feeling tired, sneezing, coughing, and having a runny nose. You may not have a
fever, or you may run a low fever. There is no cure for the common cold. Antibiotics don't work against viruses.
All you can do to feel better is treat your symptoms. Colds usually last about one week but can continue for as
long as two weeks. They usually go away on their own.
1. People catch cold more often in the winter.

2. The common cold mostly affects on young children.3. You may have a slight fever when you catch cold.

4. Antibiotics can cure the common cold.

5. Colds usually go away in one or two weeks.